

THE OMAHA BEE.

Omaha Office, No. 910 Farnam St. Council Bluffs Office, No. 7 Pearl Street, Near Broadway. New York Office, Room 65 Tribune Building.

Published every evening, except Sunday, the only Monday morning daily. TERMS BY MAIL. One Year, \$10.00; Three Months, \$3.00; Six Months, \$5.00; One Month, \$1.00. For Week, 25 Cents.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING. Communications relating to News and Editorial matters should be addressed to the Editor of the Bee.

AGENTS. All Business Letters and Remittances should be addressed to The Bee Publishing Company, Omaha, Neb. Checks and Postal Notes should be made payable to the order of the company.

THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., PROPRIETORS. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

A. H. Fitch, Manager, Daily Circulation, P. O. Box 618, Omaha, Neb.

Meeting of the Republican State Central Committee. The members of the republican state central committee will meet at theillard hotel, Omaha, Neb., on Thursday, the 23rd day of May, 1884, at 7:30 p. m.

Is Nebraska to become the sluggers paradise? MAYOR CHASE should dismiss his imbecile marshal without further delay.

The assessors should do their duty impartially, but if they will not the county commissioners should raise the assessment.

ACCORDING to the latest advices, Ben Butler doesn't propose to have anyone nominated for vice-president. He has his eyes on both places on the ticket.

A NIGHT message can be sent from New York to Kansas City, by the Western Union telegraph, for fifteen cents, but it still costs twenty-five cents to telegraph a message from Omaha to Council Bluffs.

WHEN the officers of a railroad company equip a special train to convey a gang of roughs and sports to a prize fight, which they know to be a criminal gathering, they ought to be indicted as accessories to the crime.

THE next thing to be done after the paving is completed, is to keep the streets clean. There are already several paved streets which ought to be regularly cleaned.

THERE is a slight difference between sprinkling the streets and flooding them. Sprinkling lays the dust, but flooding makes mud. At present the asphalt pavements are being flooded. This kind of pavement needs but a very light sprinkling to keep the dust down.

How much longer will the city authorities allow saloons to carry on business without license? Are the public schools of Omaha to be closed next fall or shall the money which is intended for public works be used for keeping open the schools and the public improvements be abandoned.

ANOTHER brutal prize fight has been fought in this state, almost within gunshot of her metropolis. The law officers, whose duty it is to suppress violence and crime, were aware of the preparations for this brutal encounter, but instead of taking steps to prevent it, they openly encouraged it, and gave it countenance.

THE senate has passed the bill putting General Grant upon the retired list of the army with full pay. Of course the house will make haste to follow the senate's example. When this bill shall have become a law it is to be profoundly hoped that General Grant's perennial claims on the gratitude of the American people will have been about liquidated.

If one hundred respectable men should ask the managers of the Union Pacific for a special train to a moonlight dance beyond the Platte river, and the train was to start at midnight and be held until the dance was over, we venture to say they would not grant the request. But a special train is equipped on demand for a murderous slugging match—for the paltry sum of one hundred dollars.

THE Morrison bill has been dead over a week, but the Congressional Record continues to be filled with the reports of speeches upon it that were never delivered. The printers say that another week will be required to publish all the eloquence which members want distributed among their constituents. Between garden seeds and the Congressional Record true statesmanship has quite an easy time in this country.

THE national military encampment at Dulque, June 16-21 next, promises to be a great affair. Companies from all parts of the United States, with bands, brass drums and cannon, will be present. Among the attractions, according to a circular just issued, will be a sham battle, in which "features are to be depicted in true imitation of the real horrors of a genuine battle." If this doesn't prove sufficient to draw a delighted multitude, the managers might as well give up in despair.

CHARLES O'CONNOR.

The death of Charles O'Connor removes one of the most eminent lawyers of the United States. He was the son of an educated Irish gentleman, and was born in 1804 in New York city, where he has always made his home. After receiving a common school education, young O'Connor studied law, and was admitted to the bar at the age of twenty years. He was an untiring and industrious student, and in the course of a few years, he worked his way to the front rank of his profession, in which he became the acknowledged leader, a position which he retained until his advancing years compelled him to retire from active practice. Charles O'Connor was always a democrat in politics. The only political office that he ever held, however, was that of district attorney, for a few months, under the administration of President Pierce. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1844. Few people remember that Charles O'Connor was once nominated for the presidency of the United States, but such is the fact. In 1868 he was nominated for the presidency by the extreme or "straight-out" democrats, and received complimentary votes to the number of about 30,000, in various states.

During his public career Charles O'Connor was regarded as one of the leading lawyers and one of the most eminent of American citizens. He was engaged in some of the most important cases ever tried in this country. A quarter of a century ago there was no better known man in the American metropolis, and there was no better known voice in the courts than his, uttering, as it did, the utter bitterness of sarcastic emphasis. To the man of to-day, Charles O'Connor was a tradition. Now that he has passed quietly away, after years of retirement, Charles O'Connor, by reason of his singularities and his extraordinary abilities, is worthy of recall to the people's memory. It is claimed for him that he was the last of the common lawyers, who believe the common law to be the "perfection of human reason." He always stuck to his old time logic and learning, and was so thoroughly their master that he was rarely overthrown by any opponent. It is said of him that he never allowed his preconceived opinion to be modified by any subsequent event, that he always stuck to his prejudices, and never forgave an enemy or forgot a friend.

It was not without a bitter and determined struggle that Charles O'Connor attained to eminence. His early life was one constant fight against poverty, and it is actually told of him that he at times suffered for the want of food. It was only after several years of practice in the lower courts, that he finally reached the proper field for his abilities. There were at the New York bar numerous New England lawyers who always seemed to throw their influence in every possible way against O'Connor, and this explains why he always hated them with a "true O'Connorian hatred." The vein of bitterness which characterized his disposition was no doubt due to early poverty and the obstacles which he had to overcome. In summing up the character of Charles O'Connor, a recent writer in the New York Evening Post says:

"Among Mr. O'Connor's many queer limitations of genius was his utter inability to choose men, consequent upon which came an amount of work which finally wore out even his strength. This inability at once rates Mr. O'Connor as a second rate man, despite his learning and his genius. Through his queer fabric, combined of ability, prejudice, envy, and malice, wound a silver thread of charity, of love, of chivalry. Of charity which at times was Quixotic in its largeness. Of love which to the few people who came within its scope was as warm as the sun in August, and of chivalry shown to a marked extent in the matter of his marriage. When going to Paris to settle up the affairs of his friend McCracken, and finding that gentleman a bankrupt, with no support offering for the widow, he, though by no means a marrying sort of man, promptly offered himself, and for the rest of the lady's life treated her with the most perfect courtesy, indulgence and generosity. Besides which, he adopted her son and treated him as if he had been in truth his own. With all these fine traits, one fears that the bitter side of O'Connor will be the one least remembered in this community, and that men will quote, 'You may get mercy in hell, sir, but not in Beekman street,' rather than the chivalrous incident of his marriage or his countless acts of private munificence."

THE SHIPPING BILL FRAUD.

The extract from the Congressional Record which we print to-day is a clear exposition of the true nature of the shipping bill now before the Senate. It comes in good time because there has been an immense amount of ignorance about this measure which ought to be cleared away. It has been popularly supposed that the appropriation of \$1,500,000 a year, or \$10,000 a trip which the bill makes for carrying the mails to Brazil was only a liberal but necessary expenditure. This is the idea which the supporters of the bill have industriously tried to spread abroad. In a very plausible way they have a subsidy of \$1,495,500 to the ship-owners over and above a reasonable payment for the work they will do. The cool audacity of this job would do credit to the late lamented William Tweed. It has been constantly denied that the object of the bill was anything more than to pay a just sum for the mail transportation named. And yet, if it passed, it would make the mail service to Brazil cost more than all the mail service to the whole of Europe, China, Japan, Australia, Very Cruz, and New Zealand combined. It is very clear that the bill is only another raid on the treasury cunningly disguised under an assumed patriotic purpose shown that it would be a good thing to have a line of steamships, owned in this country, running to South American ports. They have shown how light our

trade is with those ports, and how easy it would be to increase it. All that was necessary, it has been insinuated, was to give such steamships the mail carrying to do, and \$1,500,000, or one dollar a mile, was only a fair bonus to induce them to undertake this service. The facts brought out in the debate, however, tell a very different story. Instead of costing \$1,500,000 a year, or anything like it, a fair and reasonable expenditure for carrying the mails to Brazil is not more than \$4,500 a year, so that the real object of the bill is to grant It is a shrewd attempt to enable a few ship-owners to get their big hands into the national coffers. Subsidy in this instance is merely another name for swindle. This country has had a long enough and bitter enough experience with that kind of fraud. It doesn't want any more. It is just as bad to subsidize ships as to subsidize railroads. There must be no more raids on the treasury for subsidies of any sort. Now that this bill is known to be an attempt to grab a subsidy under a lying name, it ought to be killed beyond any hope of resurrection.

THE RESULTS OF LIMITED FRANCHISE.

A few days ago a joint resolution was reported in the house proposing an important amendment to the constitution. The change suggested was the insertion of the word "nativty" in the list of causes for which neither the national nor any state government may forbid a citizen to vote. The real meaning of this addition does not appear on its face. Its real aim is against the property limit to the franchise which Rhode Island and one or two other states have set up, and which are felt to be wholly opposed to the spirit of our institutions. When the fifteenth amendment was first proposed it mentioned "nativty, property and creed" among the grounds on which the franchise should not be denied to any citizen. The Rhode Island senators objected to these three words because they would conflict with the laws and prejudices of their state. The threat was made that if they were retained, the amendment would be rejected by Rhode Island. The other senators believed the vote of that state necessary to the success of the measure. Rather than see it fail, therefore, they struck out the objectionable words. The present attempt is to put the amendment back into the original shape, and make universal suffrage compulsory everywhere.

The constitution of Rhode Island provides that while the native born citizens who pay a poll tax of \$1 are entitled to suffrage, naturalized citizens cannot vote unless they possess taxable property to the amount of \$134. Some very interesting facts about the results of this provision have been brought forward in the discussion of the proposed amendment. In 1880, according to the census, Rhode Island had a population of 276,531 persons of these 133,030 were males, of whom 76,898 were over 21 years of age. The population has grown rapidly since then. It is safe to say that when the congressional election of 1882 was held the state had 300,000 people and 80,000 males of the voting age. Nevertheless, at that election only 10,215 persons voted, or only one-eighth of the entire male population above the age of 21. The reason for this small number of actual voters is not difficult to find. It is found in the fact that more than one-half the population is of foreign parentage, and a great part of these were deprived of a vote by the property restriction. The figures on this matter are interesting. In 1880 there were in the state 133,000 inhabitants of United States parentage, and 143,199 of foreign parentage. Of the latter 73,993 were of foreign birth. Besides those of the latter class who did not become naturalized because they could never obtain political rights without property, there were between 10,000 and 20,000 who have been naturalized and since disfranchised by not having property. These figures explain how it happens that only one person in eight of the voting population, and only one in thirty of the entire population, exercises the franchise.

An Agitator in the Lime-Kill Club.

By actual count there were forty-three members of the club coughing and sneezing at the moment the triable sounded, and it was not until four minutes after the echoes died away that the president arose from behind his desk and said: "If Socrates Spikeroot am in de hall dis evening I would like to see him out heah in front of de desk." Socrates had just crowded himself in between the stove and the wood box, calculating to get warmth enough to last him until the next meeting, and he didn't look over-pleased at being disturbed. When he had limped along to the desk, one hand in his pocket and the other digging into his wool, Brother Gardner continued: "How long has you been a member of dis club?" "Just six months, sah." "Um! It has been 'bout three months since I fust had my eye on you, an' to-night you set your connexion wid dis club. Miaser Spikeroot, it was understood when you joined this club dat you was a barber. Has you barbed anybody or anythin' since dat date?" "I—no, sah." "On de contrary, you has loafed aroun' saloons, an' policy shops, an' queer places, an' no man has known you to do an honest day's work. When a po' man kin lib widout labor people have a right to be suspicious of him. Brudder Give-adan Jones, you will escort dis pusion to de dock. If, when he gets dar, he should utter any remark derogatory to de character of de Lime-Kill club, you need put de Bogardus kicker on him. Let him go in peace. What he kin say won't hurt us, an' you might kick too hard an' break a leg."

POLITICAL POINTERS.

Lincoln looms up luxuriantly. Logan's slogan is losing its wind. President Arthur has not yet lost his grip. Mr. Blaine is the "matry" candidate for the presidency. John J. O'Brien does not own the New York legislature. The Hawley boom is very silent. It must be under dreadfully high pressure. Mr. Randall is now looking for his boom.

It is feared some one has taken it for an umbrella and walked off with it.

Rowell P. Flower is blooming, but his boots are not yet put forth in full leaf. Mr. Blaine has laid down his historical pen and has bought a nice new slate and pencil.

Henry Watterson doesn't want to be a delegate to the national democratic convention. Mr. Edmunds is said to be too cold. The trouble with Mr. Blaine is that he is red hot.

It looks as if Mr. Edmunds would get the nomination. He has not a single photograph. Miss Susan B. Anthony declines to be mentioned as a possible presidential candidate.

Gov. Cleveland has only been absent from his desk five weeks since his election. He is in a "mutter."

More than one-third of the members of the House of Representatives have applied for leave of absence during the first week in June.

Gen. Guitler is coming as a delegate from Missouri to the Chicago convention. There will be trust in the air when he pulls the wires.

The reason the Wyoming women object to suffrage is said to be their aversion to standing sheep's eyes to be over 21. They would rather be 15 than vote.

Miss Phoebe Cousins declares that Ben Butler is her preference for the Presidency. The giddy general has doubtless been casting sheep's eyes at the charming Cousins.

Bill Birch, the minstrel, says that the presidency lies between three men; Tilden, who objects to being nominated; Butler, who objects to being left; and Hoban, who objects to everything.

Senator Edmund's alleged great wealth says the Boston Journal, has been the theme of so much talk that our quarters that it may be well to give a summary of his list as just furnished to the assessors at Burlington. It is as follows: Personal property \$36,000; real property \$15,120; poll tax \$2; total tax \$53,120.

Speed, Expense, and Safety.

If ever, or rather, whenever—for that day will soon come we entertain no doubt—a ship crosses the Atlantic at an average speed of twenty knots an hour, it is probable that she will have cost about half a million pounds before she sails for the first time from Liverpool or from Marseilles. It is a day's run which kills, as all riders to foxhounds, all drivers of railway express trains, and all engineers of ocean and river steamboats, know full well; nor can it be denied that extraordinary and sustained speed in a hunter, a railway locomotive, and a steam-vessel is attainable without a heavy cost. Who that has contemplated the magnificent machinery with which such vessels as the Oregon, the Alaska, the Arizona, the Servia, the City of Rome, and the Germanic are fitted, can have forgotten the note of alarm sounded by Charles Dickens in his well-known letter to his biographer, John Foster, which was written after the author of the "Pickwick Papers" had made his first trip across the Atlantic in 1842. "We meanly," writes Dickens to his friend, "to return home in a packet ship—not a steamer. When I tell you all I observed on board the Britannia I shall astonish you. Meanwhile consider two of her dangers. First, that if the funnel were blown overboard, the vessel must instantly be on fire from stem to stern; to comprehend which you must recollect that the funnel is more than forty feet high, and at night you see solid fire two or three feet above its top. Secondly, each of these boats consumes between London and Halifax seven hundred tons of coal, and it is pretty clear from this enormous difference of weight in a day of only twelve hundred tons, when she comes out of port or too light when she goes in. It is satisfactory to reflect that during the two and forty years which have intervened since these words were written, there has been no instance in which a funnel has been blown overboard upon the Atlantic, or in any other sea, and that thousands upon thousands of trips have been made by steamers with such security to passengers that, writing on board a Canarder, Mark Twain once remarked that he felt rather safer at sea than he did ordinarily upon land.—London Telegraph.

Health is Wealth.

DR. L. C. WESLEY'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuritis, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Suffering of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to emaciation, dizziness and death. Premature Old Age, Incontinence, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spontaneous Emission caused by over-excitation of the brain, softness or over-sensitiveness of the brain, and all chronic diseases of which the brain is the seat. One month's treatment, \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. WE GUARANTEE SUCCESS. To cure any case. With each order received you get six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the money in writing, and you may return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. GUARANTEE MONEY BACK. C. F. GOODMAN, Druggist Agent for Omaha, Neb.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S G AND G PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR EITHER SEX.

The remedy being injected directly to the seat of the disease, requires no change of diet or unusual, or even no rest, and is not attended by any danger. When used as a preventive by either sex, it is impossible to contract any private disease; but in the case of those already unwell, it will effect a cure in three to five days. Price by mail, postage paid, 25c per box or three boxes for 75c.

OUR BABY

Is your baby's food? With hundreds of grateful mothers. Mother's milk contains no starch. An artificial food for infants should contain no starch. The best and most nutritious food in health is Horlick's Food. It contains the essential elements of life, and is the only food that is perfectly adapted for infants. It is the only food that is perfectly adapted for infants. It is the only food that is perfectly adapted for infants.

Science of Life, Only \$1.00.

BY MAIL POSTPAID. THE SCIENCE OF LIFE. KNOW YOURSELF. A GREAT MEDICAL WORK ON MANHOOD. Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, the untold interior suffering from indigestion or constipation, a book for every man, young, middle-aged, and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, conditions of which the scientific mind is so far from being able to explain, whose experience for 25 years has shown that no other work has ever been published that is so valuable to the human race. It is a book that will be read by every man who is interested in his own health and the health of his family. It is a book that will be read by every man who is interested in his own health and the health of his family.

Richardson & Clarke, Proprietors. W. A. Clarke, Superintendent. Omaha Iron Works. P. RAILWAY. 17TH & 18TH STREETS. MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN Steam Engines, Boilers, WATER WHEELS, ROLLER MILLS, Mill and Grain Elevator Machinery, MILL FURNISHINGS OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING THE Celebrated Anchor Brand Dufour Bolting Cloth, STEAM PUMPS, STEAM WATER AND GAS PIPE, BRASS GOODS AND PIPE FITTINGS, ARCHITECTURAL AND BRIDGE IRON.

ODELL ROLLER MILL. ODELL ROLLER MILL.

There was a deep silence for a minute, and as no one travelled the president signed for the secretary to proceed with the regular order of business.

THAT you are bothered nearly to death with rheumatic twinges or the pangs of neuralgia is no reason why you should continue to suffer. Experiment with a good medicine. Try Thomas' Electric Oil. Recollect it is GUARANTEED by every druggist. Neuralgia and Rheumatism never stood before it.

SHOW us a man or woman, if you can, afflicted with toothache, earache, headache, backache, any ache, that has sought relief in Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to no advantage, and in return we will refer you to thousands similarly affected whom this medicine has restored and cured completely.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE best evidence in the world of the purity and excellence of Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is found in the fact that the fame of this tobacco increases from year to year. This could not be the case if it were merely "put up to sell," and had any dishonest or unscrupulous ingredients in it. Among millions of users of all nationalities, surely some one would find out if it were inferior, injurious or unpalatable. For 15 years this tobacco has been sold in every part of the world, and every year the Bull Durham brand grows more popular, the demand for it more enthusiastic, and the quality more refined. It is a natural flavor, and is not adulterated with any artificial ingredients. It is the genuine—trade mark of the Bull.

There is no mischief done where Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is used.

DR. L. C. WESLEY'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuritis, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Suffering of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to emaciation, dizziness and death. Premature Old Age, Incontinence, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spontaneous Emission caused by over-excitation of the brain, softness or over-sensitiveness of the brain, and all chronic diseases of which the brain is the seat. One month's treatment, \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. WE GUARANTEE SUCCESS. To cure any case. With each order received you get six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the money in writing, and you may return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. GUARANTEE MONEY BACK. C. F. GOODMAN, Druggist Agent for Omaha, Neb.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S G AND G PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR EITHER SEX.

The remedy being injected directly to the seat of the disease, requires no change of diet or unusual, or even no rest, and is not attended by any danger. When used as a preventive by either sex, it is impossible to contract any private disease; but in the case of those already unwell, it will effect a cure in three to five days. Price by mail, postage paid, 25c per box or three boxes for 75c.

OUR BABY

Is your baby's food? With hundreds of grateful mothers. Mother's milk contains no starch. An artificial food for infants should contain no starch. The best and most nutritious food in health is Horlick's Food. It contains the essential elements of life, and is the only food that is perfectly adapted for infants. It is the only food that is perfectly adapted for infants. It is the only food that is perfectly adapted for infants.

Science of Life, Only \$1.00.

BY MAIL POSTPAID. THE SCIENCE OF LIFE. KNOW YOURSELF. A GREAT MEDICAL WORK ON MANHOOD. Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, the untold interior suffering from indigestion or constipation, a book for every man, young, middle-aged, and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, conditions of which the scientific mind is so far from being able to explain, whose experience for 25 years has shown that no other work has ever been published that is so valuable to the human race. It is a book that will be read by every man who is interested in his own health and the health of his family. It is a book that will be read by every man who is interested in his own health and the health of his family.

RICHARDS & CLARKE, Proprietors.

W. A. CLARKE, Superintendent.

Omaha Iron Works

P. RAILWAY. 17TH & 18TH STREETS.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN Steam Engines, Boilers, WATER WHEELS, ROLLER MILLS, Mill and Grain Elevator Machinery, MILL FURNISHINGS OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING THE Celebrated Anchor Brand Dufour Bolting Cloth, STEAM PUMPS, STEAM WATER AND GAS PIPE, BRASS GOODS AND PIPE FITTINGS, ARCHITECTURAL AND BRIDGE IRON.

ODELL ROLLER MILL.

We are prepared to furnish plans and estimates, and will contract for the erection of Flouring Mills and Grain Elevators, or for changing Flouring Mills, from Stone to the Roller System. Special attention given to the construction of Flouring Mills, and estimates made for promptly.

ODELL ROLLER MILL.

Double and Single Acting Power and Hand PUMPS, STEAM PUMPS. Engine Trimmings, Mining Machinery, Belting, Hose, Brass and Iron Fitting, Steam Packing at wholesale and retail. HALLADAY WIND-MILLS, CHURCH AND SCHOOL BELLS.

Corner 10th Farnam St., Omaha Neb.

C. F. GOODMAN,

Wholesale Druggist!

AND DEALER IN Paints Oils Varnishes and Window Glass OMAHA NEBRASKA.

OVERFLOWING

—WITH— Style, Elegance and Variety.

Our immense stock for the spring of 1884 is now complete. By a visit to our store we can show you the largest stock of nicely fitting ready-made

MEN'S, BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!

—AT THE— LOWEST PRICES

Our stock of Furnishing Goods consists of the latest novelties in Gents' Neckwear, Gents' Fine Hosiery, Gents' Fine Suspenders, Gents' Underwear in all Grades, Collars and Cuffs in all new shapes, Hemstitched Hd'ks, Plain & Colored Borders, Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts, Colored Shirts, Cheviot, Peacoe and Penang

Shireman Bros. & Co's

1308 Farnam St., between 13th and 14th Sts., Omaha, Neb